Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Canceled).

2. (Currently amended) ~~The composition of claim 1 further comprising:~~A direct light imaging composition comprising:

a matrix,

an antenna,

a color former, and

an activator,

wherein the antenna comprises a compound selected from the group consisting of compounds comprising a phthalocyanine chromophore and compounds comprising a naphthalocyanine chromophore;

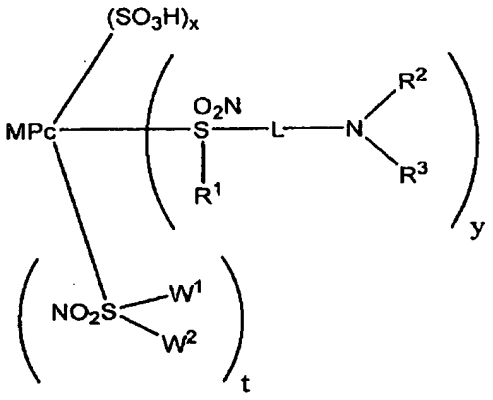
wherein the antenna is dissolved in the matrix;

wherein one of the activator and the color former is soluble in the cured matrix or uncured matrix at ambient conditions;

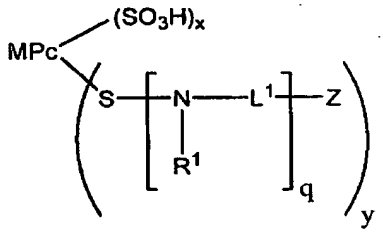
wherein the soluble of the activator and the color former is dissolved in the matrix; and

wherein the other of the activator and the color former is substantially uniformly distributed in the matrix.

3. (Currently amended) The composition of claim ~~1~~2 where in the antenna comprises a compound chosen from the group consisting of (A) silicon 2,3 naphthalocyanine bis(trihexylsilyloxide); (B) derivatives of 2,3 naphthalocyanine; (C) derivatives of silicon phthalocyanine; (D) derivatives of benzophthalocyanines; (E)



where M is a metal or hydrogen; Pc is a phthalocyanine nucleus; R^1, R^2, W^1, and W^2 are independently H or optionally substituted alkyl, aryl, or aralkyl; R^3 is an aminoalkyl group; L is a divalent organic linking group; x, y, and t are each independently 0.5 to 2.5; and (x+y+t) is from 3 to 4; (F)



where M is a metal or hydrogen; Pc is a phthalocyanine nucleus; each R^1 independently is H or an optionally substituted alkyl, aryl, or aralkyl; each L^1 independently is a divalent organic linking group; Z is an optionally substituted piperazinyl group; q is 1 or 2; x and y each independently have a value of 0.5 to 3.5; and (x+y) is from 2 to 5; and (G) 800NP.

4. (Currently amended) The composition of claim ~~1~~2 wherein the antenna is tuned to readily absorb laser radiation of a predetermined frequency.

5. (Currently amended) The composition of claim ~~1~~2 wherein the antenna is tuned to readily absorb infrared radiation of a predetermined frequency.

6. (Withdrawn) A method for preparing a direct imaging material, the method comprising:

providing a binder, a dye, a color developer, and an antenna,

wherein the antenna is soluble in the binder and selected from the group consisting of compounds comprising a phthalocyanine chromophore and compounds comprising a naphthalocyanine chromophore;

wherein the dye changes color when reacted with the color developer; and

wherein one of the dye and the color developer is soluble in the binder at ambient conditions;

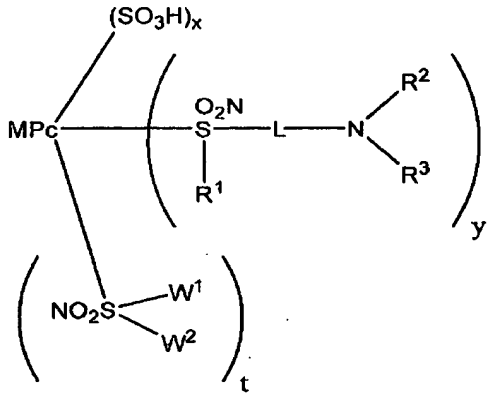
dissolving the antenna and the binder soluble compound in the binder; and

substantially uniformly distributing the other of the dye and the color developer compound in the binder.

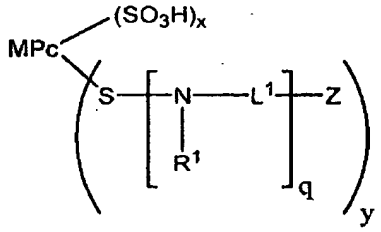
7. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 6 wherein the antenna is tuned to readily absorb infrared radiation of a predetermined frequency.

8. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 6 wherein the antenna is tuned to readily absorb laser radiation of a predetermined frequency.

9. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 6 wherein the antenna is selected from the group consisting of (A) silicon 2,3 naphthalocyanine bis(trihexylsilyloxide); (B) derivatives of 2,3 naphthalocyanine; (C) derivatives of silicon phthalocyanine; (D) derivatives of benzophthalocyanines; (E)



where M is a metal or hydrogen; Pc is a phthalocyanine nucleus; R^1, R^2, W^1, and W^2 are independently H or optionally substituted alkyl, aryl, or aralkyl; R^3 is an aminoalkyl group; L is a divalent organic linking group; x, y, and t are each independently 0.5 to 2.5; and (x+y+t) is from 3 to 4; (F)



where M is a metal or hydrogen; Pc is a phthalocyanine nucleus; each R^1 independently is H or an optionally substituted alkyl, aryl, or aralkyl; each L^1 independently is a divalent organic linking group; Z is an optionally substituted piperazinyl group; q is 1 or 2; x and y each independently have a value of 0.5 to 3.5; and (x+y) is from 2 to 5; and (G) 800NP.

10. (Withdrawn) An image recording medium, the medium comprising:
a substrate; and
an imaging composition comprising, an antenna and a solvent,
wherein the antenna comprises a compound selected from the group consisting of compounds comprising a phthalocyanine

chromophore and compounds comprising a naphthalocyanine chromophore, and

wherein the antenna is dissolved in the solvent.

11. (Withdrawn) The image recording medium of claim 10 wherein the imaging composition further comprises:

a dye; and a color initiator;

wherein the dye changes color when mixed with the color initiator;

wherein one of the color initiator and the dye is soluble in the solvent at ambient conditions;

wherein the other of the color initiator and the dye is substantially insoluble in the solvent at ambient conditions;

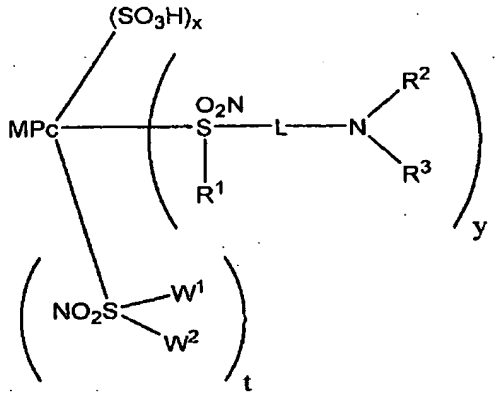
wherein the substantially insoluble component is substantially uniformly distributed in the solvent; and

wherein the imaging composition is directly or indirectly applied to the substrate.

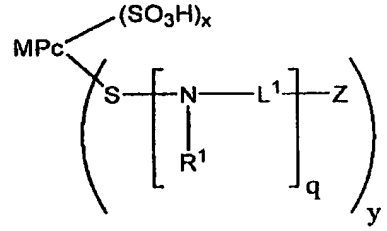
12. (Withdrawn) The medium of claim 11 wherein the antenna readily absorbs infrared radiation of a predetermined frequency.

13. (Withdrawn) The medium of claim 11 wherein the antenna readily absorbs laser radiation of a predetermined frequency.

14. (Withdrawn) The medium of claim 11 wherein the antenna is selected from the group consisting of (A) silicon 2,3 naphthalocyanine bis(trihexylsilyloxide); (B) derivatives of 2,3 naphthalocyanine; (C) derivatives of silicon phthalocyanine; (D) derivatives of benzophthalocyanines; (E)



where M is a metal or hydrogen; Pc is a phthalocyanine nucleus; R^1, R^2, W^1, and W^2 are independently H or optionally substituted alkyl, aryl, or aralkyl; R^3 is an aminoalkyl group; L is a divalent organic linking group; x, y, and t are each independently 0.5 to 2.5; and (x+y+t) is from 3 to 4; (F)



where M is a metal or hydrogen; Pc is a phthalocyanine nucleus; each R^1 independently is H or an optionally substituted alkyl, aryl, or aralkyl; each L^1 independently is a divalent organic linking group; Z is an optionally substituted piperazinyl group; q is 1 or 2; x and y each independently have a value of 0.5 to 3.5; and (x+y) is from 2 to 5; and (G) 800NP.

15. (Withdrawn) The medium of claim 11 wherein the substrate comprises paper.

16. (Withdrawn) The medium of claim 11 wherein the substrate comprises a compact disc or DVD.

17. (Original) An imaging means, the means comprising:
a means for absorbing energy;
a means for forming color;
a means for initiating a color change in the color forming means;
a means for binding the absorbing means, the color forming means, and the initiating means;
wherein the absorbing means is dissolved in the binder;
wherein one of the means for forming color and the means for initiating is soluble in the means for binding at ambient conditions;
wherein the other of the means for forming color and the means for initiating is substantially insoluble in the means for binding at ambient conditions; and
wherein the insoluble component is substantially uniformly distributed in the binder.

18. (Original) The means of claim 17 wherein the means for absorbing readily absorbs laser radiation of a predetermined frequency.

19. (Original) The means of claim 18 wherein the means for absorbing readily absorbs infrared radiation of a predetermined frequency.